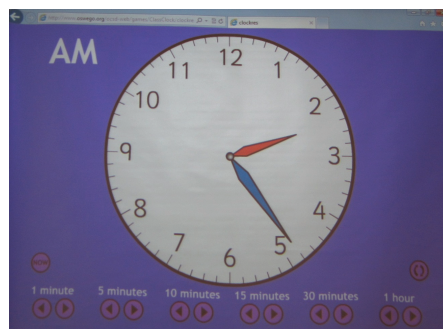


7. SEITSEMÄN

HUHTIKUU - APRIL

PALJONKO KELLO ON?

“What time is it?”



Learning in practise: How long to cook, how long to boil, how long to bake...? When did I start, when is it ready?

DAILY SCHEDULE:

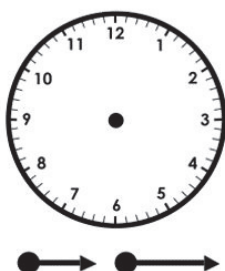
Preschool, grades 1 & 2

kello	maanantai	tiistai	keskiviikko	torstai	perjantai
8.25-9.10	FINNISH	RELIGION	ART/handicraft	MATH	P.E.
9.25-10.10	MATH	MATH	ART/handicraft	NATURAL SCIENCE	NATURAL SCIENCE
10.25-11.05	MUSIC	FINNISH	FINNISH	FINNISH	ART/handicraft
11.40-12.25	ART/handicraft	P.E.	FINNISH/MATH	FINNISH	STORYBOOK
12.40-13.25					

CLASSROOM TEACHER EDUCATION IN FINLAND (for 6-12 years old children):

- Very difficult to get into university: in 2014 total **7 500 students applied**, only **1 760 got in**. But once you are in, you will graduate as well (no one is pushed away from the university after getting in).
- 5 years studies, including practising periods in real classrooms every year.
- If you want to specialize for a certain subject (e.g. math, biology, music...) it takes two years or more. After that you are qualified to teach older students (13-15 years old) as well.
- teachers that are teaching only certain subjects (e.g. languages, P.E., music, history....) take 5 years studies in that subject + pedagogical studies. That's also one way to become a teacher.
- To become a kindergarten teacher you need 3 years studies in university.
- **CREDITS:** kindergarten/preschool teacher (ETCS 180 credits), classroom teacher (180+120 cr), subject teacher (180+120 cr), special-education teacher (180+120 cr).

EXERCISES WITH TIME



- teach the basics: hours and halves and their pointers
- teach the numbers: what's the difference between 1-12 and 13-24
- start exercising step by step (recognizing the time from the clock, drawing the right time on the clock)
- continue with concepts past and to
- don't go further unless the child has understood the issue
- start counting time: how long does it take....
- take everything into practise: in real life situations.